## Cal/Ecotox Toxicity Data for Song Sparrow (Melospiza melodia)\*

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Chemical	Tox Exposure	Endpoint Type	Endpoint Description	Endpoint Value	Note	Reference
DIAZINON	500 g active ingredient/litre	TOX-EXP IND - biomarkers	% reduction of blood serum cholinesterase compared to untreated	27% (43% SD)	а	1
DIAZINON	500 g active ingred/litre	TOX-MORT - mortality in the field	mortality of eggs and nestlings (control 21 %)	38%	b	1
DIMETHOATE	480 g active ingredient/litre	TOX-EXP IND - biomarkers	mean reduction in blood serum cholinesterase activity compared to untreated	34% (27% SD)	С	1
DIMETHOATE	average food intake 2.14 g (0.48SE)/d;	TOX-Non-Repro-Sublethal -		significant reduction of mean daily activity	d	2
	0.24 g Dimethoate sprayed over 1 m2 seeds;	behavioral effects		levels (perch hopping)		
DIMETHOATE	0.24 g Dimethoate sprayed over 1 m2 seeds	TOX-Non-Repro-Sublethal - indirect effects	weight loss (3.4 g over experiment period; controls gained 0.43 g)	3.4	е	2
FONOFOS; TERBUFOS	6 fields treated with fonofos; 5 fields treated with terbufos (application rates were according to	TOX-MORT - mortality in the field	survival of banded individuals, pre- versus post-application, up to 50 days post-application	no effect	f	3
	recommended guidelines, Ontario Ministry of		post application, up to ou days post application			
	Agriculture and Food)					
FONOFOS; TERBUFOS	6 fields treated with fonofos; 5 fields treated with	TOX-REPRO - reproductive	reproductive parameters (reproductive success,	no effect	g	3
	terbufos (application rates were according to	success	clutch size, number of unhatched eggs, number of			
	recommended guidelines, Ontario Ministry of		young fledged/nest) of nests located on edges of			
	Agriculture and Food)		sprayed fields			

## Notes

- a NR; CANADA; NR; Species California (R)=Melospiza melodia; TOX Chemical=333-41-5; N=20-29 sparrows; spring; Christmas tree farms; Sherbrooke, Quebec; Tox Exp Tech=field application; Tox Exp Dur=single; Tox Study Dur=several days or weeks; not specified; Tox Stat Sig=yes
- b Embryo; Nestling; CANADA; NR; Species California (R)=Melospiza melodia; TOX Chemical=333-41-5; N=9 nests; spring; Sherbrooke, Quebec; Tox Exp Tech=field application; Tox Exp Dur=single; Tox Study Dur=several days or weeks/not reported; Tox Stat Sig=no
- c Adult; CANADA; M; Species California (R)=Melospiza melodia; TOX Chemical=60-51-5; N=15-20 sparrows; spring; Christmas tree farms; Sherbrooke, Quebec; Tox Exp Tech=field application; Tox Exp Dur=single; Tox Study Dur=several days or weeks; not specified; Tox Stat Sig=yes
- d NR; Lab; CANADA; NR; Species California (R)=Melospiza melodia; TOX Chemical=60-51-5; N=7 treated; 7 control; Tox Exp Tech=diet; Tox Exp Dur=single; (1 seed lot0; Tox Study Dur=30 days; Tox Stat Sig=yes; recovery time from intoxication was 10 days post exposure
- e NR; Lab; CANADA; NR; Species California (R)=Melospiza melodia; TOX Chemical=60-51-5; N=7 treated; 7 control; Tox Exp Tech=diet; Tox Exp Dur=single; (1 seed lot0; Tox Study Dur=30 days; Tox Stat Sig=yes
- f Adult; CANADA; B; Species California (R)=Melospiza melodia; TOX Chemical=944-22-9; TOX Chemical=013071-79-9; N=88 males, 44 females (treatment); 69 males, 27 females (control); southwestern Ontario; Tox Exp Tech=field application; Tox Exp Dur=NR; Tox Stat Sig=N
- g Both Adult and Juv.; CANADA; B; Species California (R)=Melospiza melodia; TOX Chemical=944-22-9; TOX Chemical=013071-79-9; N=60 treatment, 32 control nests; southwestern Ontario; Tox Exp Tech=field application; Tox Exp Dur=NR; Tox Stat Sig=N

## References

- 1 Rondeau, Guy and Jean-Luc DesGranges. 1995. Effects of insecticide use on breeding birds in Christmas tree plantations in Quebec. Ecotoxicology. 4:281-298.
- 2 Brunet, Richard and Andre Cyr. 1992. The impact of dimethoate on rhythms of three granivorous bird species. Agric. Ecosyst. Environ. 41:327-336.
- Knapton, Richard W., and Pierre Mineau. 1995. Effects of granular formulations of terbufos and fonofos applied to cornfields on mortality and reproductive success of songbirds. Ecotoxicology. 4:138-153.
- \* Cal/EPA, OEHHA and the University of California Regents are not responsible for damages of any kind resulting from the use of or reliance on information in this report. Users are encouraged to consult the original data. Updated: February 1999.